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Exploring the retention & success of students with disability

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# Project Background & Aim

Students with disability in higher education is increasing

National data show differences in the retention and success between universities but reasons for this are not clear

Success rate of students with disability is lower than for other students

Aim:

Explore the relationship between supports and university adjustments for students with disability, and their retention and success

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Methods

Mixed Methods Approach

Research Questions:

1. How do universities compare in retention and success of students with various disability types?
2. How does students retention and success compare in terms of policy and practice approaches to the provision of adjustments and supports for student with various disability types?
3. What approaches should universities take in the provision of adjustments and supports for students with various disability types?

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# Methods

# Mixed Methods Approach - Quantitative

Data requested from the Higher Education Student Data Collection from 2007-2013

Data was broken down into 6 disability types, hearing, learning, mobility, visual, medical and other including if students needed services

Data for commencing students, enrolment, student retention and success were analysed for Table A & B providers

Data was examined by disability type, university grouping and university size

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# Methods

# Mixed Methods Approach - Qualitative

Desktop Audit of Table A &B providers using publically available information from disability section of website

Literature review

Individual semi-structured interviews with disability practitioners (n=9)

interviewees selected purposively to represent a mix in terms of university size, university grouping

Develop and validate guiding principles for good practice with disability practitioners’

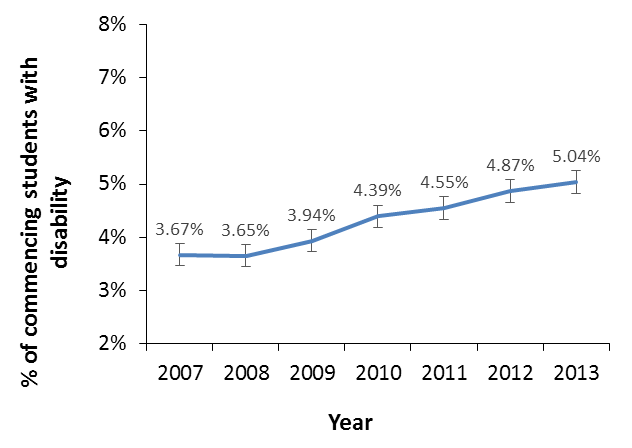
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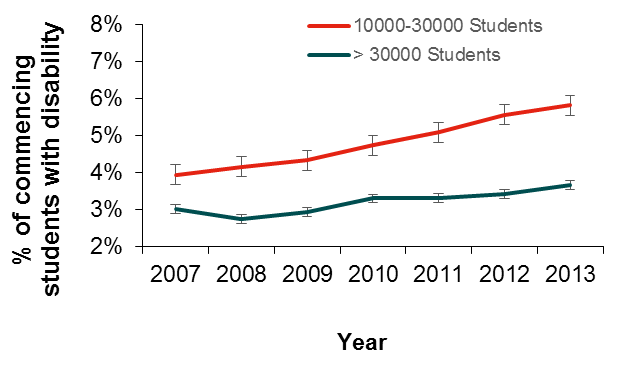
# Results - Quantitative

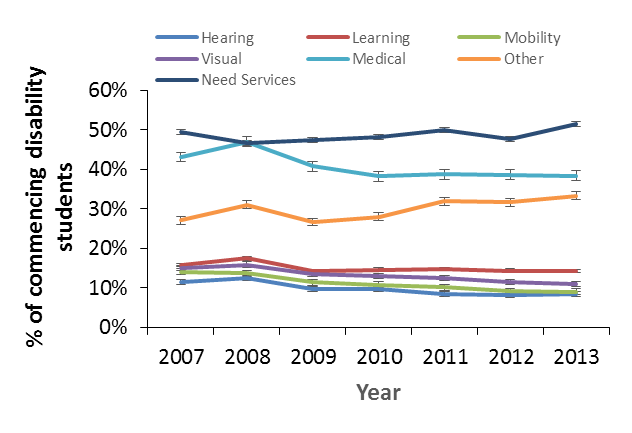
Number of students with disability has increased since 2007

Distribution of disability types remains the same

Smaller universities have a larger proportion of students with disability





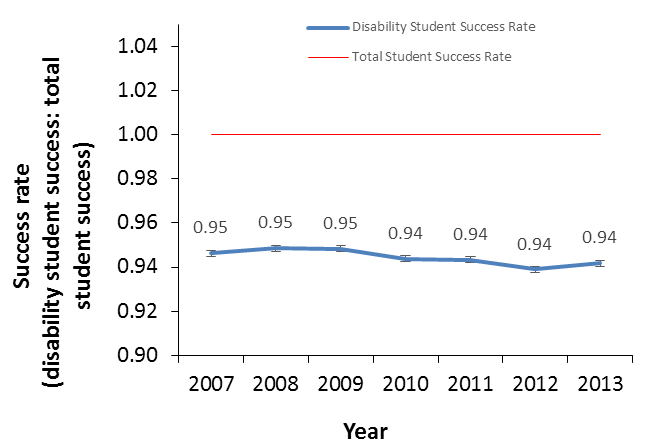


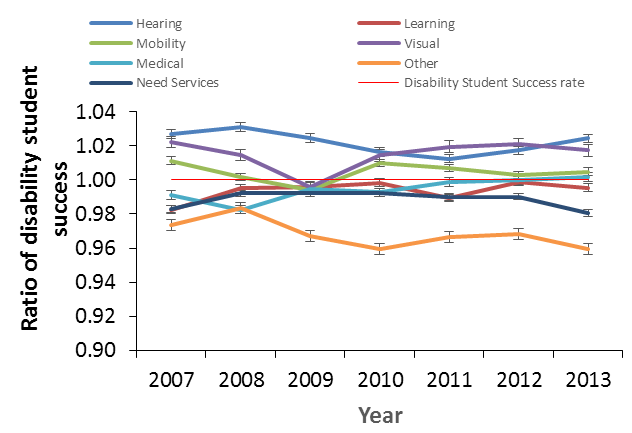
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# Results – Quantitative

Students with disability have lower success rate than total student population

Students with learning, medical, other or required services performed less well than total disability students





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# Results - Quantitative

Students with disability have consistently lower retention rate than total student population

Students with learning, disability were consistently retained at a higher rate than other disability students

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# Results – Qualitative

All universities have at least one disability policy

The DAP were not key drivers of action

increasing importance being placed on formalised procedures

“in my view it hasn’t actually played a very significant role in the way the university has developed its processes around this…it has been more of a lip service” (ATN medium)

“while we don’t have a current disability action plan this doesn’t mean we are not proactive…we conducted accessibility audits and implemented $1-million worth of adjustments to one campus” (IRU inconsistent)

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# Results – Qualitative

Most institutions described socially inclusive policies and practices and supportive leadership

Collaborative approaches involving internal and external stakeholders can improve retention and success of students with disability

“We are engaged with local disability networks and attend meetings regularly. We try to get the word out that support for students with disability is offered early/sooner in the process [rather] than later” (RUN High)

Relationships between disability advisors and staff and students along with peer-to-peer relationships was seen as key to supporting students

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# Results – Qualitative

The provision of more services and better support for students with a mental health disability and those with autism is an area requiring further university investment.

Inconsistent categorisation of students with mental health disabilities in national and institutional data collection makes targeting services and tracking performance challenging.

“…anecdotally mental health is one of the big issues affecting student retention and we don’t necessarily pick up those students in the official statistics”. (ATN Medium)

“…and I hazard a guess that many people living with a mental health condition would never consider themselves as having a disability so…do not contact the service…we have a fundamental issue about terminology and how you communicate that… (Unaffiliated High)”

More training for academic and non-academic staff to better support students with disability.

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# Conclusions & Recommendation

Clear evidence within institutions of shift from medical to inclusive model (eg. location of service units within broader equity/wellbeing structure; university wide responsibility for students with

Need national consistency in categorising students with disability

In particular, students with mental health disability should be encouraged to identify in a single category.

Need to have a conversation about changes to policy and practice that will increase enrolment, retention and success rates of students with disability toward the rates for all students.

This conversation should be informed by the guiding principles for good practice developed by the researchers

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# Guiding Principles

Operate under a whole of university inclusive framework that includes the concept of universal design

Ensure the policy framework supporting students with disability is current, flexible and relevant to the institutional context

Ensure that financial resources, as well as human resources, are identified and flexible enough to fit student requirements, including the specific requirements associated with different disability types

Ensure disability support services are integrated with student support services.

Have specialist disability support staff who have the knowledge and experience to identify appropriate adjustments

Provide regular training for disability practitioners and other staff with responsibility for supporting and advising students with disability

Develop a staff training and awareness communication strategy in relation to students with disability, and ensure sessional staff are included

Set up mechanisms to facilitate interpersonal relationships in three domains: between disability support staff and students; between disability support staff and both academic and professional staff, and amongst students themselves

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# Guiding Principles (cont)

Develop an appropriate and sensitive mechanism to identify those students with mental health disability to allow those students with a mental health condition who wish to disclose, or who have not considered disclosing before, to do so

1Develop an appropriate and sensitive mechanism to identify those students with autism spectrum disorder to allow those students with autism spectrum disorder who wish to disclose, or who have not considered disclosing before, to do so

Regularly monitor student outcomes by collecting data on retention and success

Offer inclusive student wellbeing programs that promote and improve self-management and resilience.

Develop formalised (written) learning access plans collaboratively with students that are owned by students. With the agreement of students, put mechanisms in place to ensure appropriate dissemination of plans to relevant staff

Consider students with disability from the perspective of the student lifecycle model, including recruitment and outreach strategies, and career transition strategies.

Partnerships with external organisations that leverage resources are fundamental.

Consider students with disability in the development and use of online learning resources, as well as in learning support services.

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# Recommendations for Further research

Further research should be conducted to identify appropriate methods of disclosure and data collection, including Commonwealth data collection and reporting, to more accurately reflect retention and success statistics for students by disability type.

It would seem that NDCOs may have a greater role to play in terms of recruitment of students with disability. Further research into the impact of relationships between NDCOs and universities on the recruitment of students with disability is recommended.

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Recommendations for Further research cont..

Outcomes from this study will form the basis for a large-scale study into the impact of institutional policies and practices on the retention and success of higher education students with disability. However, more research is needed into institutional and other factors that impact on the retention and success of students with disability, and particularly for different disability types. Such research should adopt a student lifecycle focus, incorporating outreach and recruitment, as well as transition out of university, including transition to a vocation or career.

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Other recent Australian research

Resilience/Thriving in post-secondary students with disabilities.

Dr Rahul Ganguly, Dr Charlotte Bronwlow, Dr Jan Du Preezand Dr CoralieGraham, University of Southern Queensland www.ncsehe.edu.au

Supporting tertiary students with disabilities: individualised and institution-level approaches in practice.

Ellie Fossey,Lisa Chaffey,Annie Venville,Priscilla Ennals,Jacinta Douglas,Christine Bigby www.ncver.edu.au

They also produced good practice guide designed to assist teaching staff and disability services staff in both vocational education and training (VET) and higher education institutions to offer individualised or institution-level adjustments in teaching, learning and assessment methods to support students with disability or ongoing ill health

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Interview Participants

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Any feedback or comments please let us know

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